92_SB2425 LRB9217623RCcdD

- 1 AN ACT in relation to criminal law.
- 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,
- 3 represented in the General Assembly:
- 4 Section 5. The Sex Offender Management Board Act is
- 5 amended by changing Section 10 as follows:
- 6 (20 ILCS 4026/10)
- 7 Sec. 10. Definitions. In this Act, unless the context
- 8 otherwise requires:
- 9 (a) "Board" means the Sex Offender Management Board
- 10 created in Section 15.
- 11 (b) "Sex offender" means any person who is convicted or
- 12 found delinquent in the State of Illinois, or under any
- 13 substantially similar federal law or law of another state, of
- 14 any sex offense or attempt of a sex offense as defined in
- 15 subsection (c) of this Section, or any former statute of this
- 16 State that defined a felony sex offense, or who has been
- 17 certified as a sexually dangerous person under the Sexually
- 18 Dangerous Persons Act or declared a sexually violent person
- 19 under the Sexually Violent Persons Commitment Act, or any
- 20 substantially similar federal law or law of another state.
- 21 (c) "Sex offense" means any felony or misdemeanor
- offense described in this subsection (c) as follows:
- 23 (1) Indecent solicitation of a child, in violation
- of Section 11-6 of the Criminal Code of 1961;
- 25 (2) Indecent solicitation of an adult, in violation
- of Section 11-6.5 of the Criminal Code of 1961;
- 27 (3) Public indecency, in violation of Section 11-9
- of the Criminal Code of 1961;
- 29 (4) Sexual exploitation of a child, in violation of
- 30 Section 11-9.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961;
- 31 (5) Sexual relations within families, in violation

1	of Section 11-11 of the Criminal Code of 1961;
2	(6) Soliciting for a juvenile prostitute, in
3	violation of Section 11-15.1 of the Criminal Code of
4	1961;
5	(7) Keeping a place of juvenile prostitution, in
6	violation of Section 11-17.1 of the Criminal Code of
7	1961;
8	(8) Patronizing a juvenile prostitute, in violation
9	of Section 11-18.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961;
10	(9) Juvenile pimping, in violation of Section
11	11-19.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961;
12	(10) Exploitation of a child, in violation of
13	Section 11-19.2 of the Criminal Code of 1961;
14	(11) Child pornography, in violation of Section
15	11-20.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961;
16	(12) Harmful material for a child, in violation of
17	Section 11-21 of the Criminal Code of 1961;
18	(13) Criminal sexual assault, in violation of
19	Section 12-13 of the Criminal Code of 1961;
20	(14) Aggravated criminal sexual assault, in
21	violation of Section 12-14 of the Criminal Code of 1961;
22	(15) Predatory criminal sexual assault of a child,
23	in violation of Section 12-14.1 of the Criminal Code of
24	1961;
25	(16) Criminal sexual abuse, in violation of Section
26	12-15 of the Criminal Code of 1961;
27	(17) Aggravated criminal sexual abuse, in violation
28	of Section 12-16 of the Criminal Code of 1961;
29	(18) Ritualized abuse of a child, in violation of
30	Section 12-33 of the Criminal Code of 1961;
31	(19) An attempt to commit any of the offenses
32	enumerated in this subsection (c).
33	(d) "Management" means counseling, monitoring, and

34 supervision of any sex offender that conforms to the

- 1 standards created by the Board under Section 15.
- 2 (Source: P.A. 90-133, eff. 7-22-97; 90-793, eff. 8-14-98.)
- 3 Section 10. The Criminal Code of 1961 is amended by
- 4 changing Sections 10-7, 11-9.3, 11-9.4, 11-20.1, and 11-21
- 5 and adding Sections 11-6.1 and 11-24 as follows:
- 6 (720 ILCS 5/10-7) (from Ch. 38, par. 10-7)
- 7 Sec. 10-7. Aiding and abetting child abduction or
- 8 <u>illegal solicitation of a child</u>. (a) A person violates this
- 9 Section when:
- 10 (i) Before or during the commission of a child abduction
- 11 as defined in Section 10-5 or illegal solicitation of a child
- 12 <u>as defined in Section 11-6.1</u> and with the intent to promote
- or facilitate such offense, he or she intentionally aids or
- 14 abets another in the planning or commission of child
- 15 abduction or illegal solicitation of a child, unless before
- 16 the commission of the offense he or she makes proper effort
- 17 to prevent the commission of the offense; or
- 18 (ii) With the intent to prevent the apprehension of a
- 19 person known to have committed the offense of child abduction
- 20 <u>or illegal solicitation of a child</u>, or with the intent to
- 21 obstruct or prevent efforts to locate the child victim of a
- 22 child abduction or illegal solicitation of a child, he or she
- 23 knowingly destroys, alters, conceals or disguises physical
- 24 evidence or furnishes false information.
- 25 (b) Sentence. A person who violates this Section commits
- 26 a Class 4 felony.
- 27 (Source: P.A. 84-1308.)
- 28 (720 ILCS 5/11-6.1 new)
- 29 <u>Sec. 11-6.1. Illegal solicitation of a child.</u>
- 30 <u>(a) In this Section:</u>
- 31 <u>"Child" means a person under 18 years of age.</u>

1	"Contacts or communicates with" includes direct and
2	indirect contact or communication, by any means, including in
3	person or through an agent or agency, and includes the use of
4	any print medium, the mails, a common carrier or
5	communication common carrier, any electronic communications
6	system, and any telecommunications, wire, computer, or radio
7	communications device or system.
8	"Detains" means taking or retaining physical custody of a
9	child, whether or not the child resists or objects.
10	"Solicit" means to command, authorize, urge, incite,
11	request, or advise another person to perform an act by any
12	means including, but not limited to, in person, over the
13	phone, in writing, by computer, or by advertisement of any
14	kind.
15	(b) A person commits the offense of illegal solicitation
16	of a child when he or she:
17	(1) intentionally solicits, lures, or attempts to
18	solicit or lure a child to any location without the
19	consent of the parent or lawful custodian of the child
20	for other than a lawful purpose; or
21	(2) intentionally contacts or communicates with, or
22	attempts to contact or communicate with, any child, with
23	belief or knowledge or reason to know the person is a
24	child, for the purpose of or with intent to engage in any
25	unlawful act upon or with any child, including aggravated
26	battery of a child, criminal sexual assault, aggravated
27	criminal sexual assault, predatory criminal sexual
28	assault of a child, criminal sexual abuse, aggravated
29	criminal sexual abuse, child pornography, a crime of
30	violence or theft, or any unlawful interference with
31	custody or control over a child, or any other act for
32	which any person can be charged with a criminal offense
33	under a state or federal law.
34	(c) It is not a defense to a violation of this Section

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- (d) For the purposes of this Section, the solicitation or luring or attempted solicitation or luring of a child to any location without the consent of the parent or lawful custodian of the child is prima facie evidence of other than a lawful purpose.
- (e) Sentence. A person convicted of illegal solicitation of a child is quilty of a Class 4 felony. A person convicted of a second or subsequent violation of this Section is quilty of a Class 3 felony. It is a factor in aggravation for which a court may impose a more severe sentence under Section 5-8-1 of the Unified Code of Corrections if, upon sentencing, the court finds evidence of any of the following aggravating factors:
- 16 (1) that the defendant abused or neglected the child
 17 following the concealment, detention, or removal of the
 18 child; or
 - (2) that the defendant has previously been convicted of illegal solicitation of a child or a sex offense as defined in clause (c)(2), (c)(2.5), or (c)(3) of Section 11-9.3; or
 - (3) that the defendant committed the offense while armed with a deadly weapon or the taking of the child resulted in serious bodily injury to another; or
 - in a school, regardless of the time of day or time of year; in a playground; on any conveyance owned, leased, or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school related activity; on the real property of a school; or on a public way within 1,000 feet of the real property comprising any school or playground. For purposes of this paragraph (4), "playground" means a piece of land owned or controlled by

- a unit of local government that is designated by the unit

 of local government for use solely or primarily for

 children's recreation; and "school" means a public or

 private elementary or secondary school, community
- 5 <u>college, college, or university.</u>
- 6 (720 ILCS 5/11-9.3)
- 7 Sec. 11-9.3. Presence within school zone by child sex 8 offenders prohibited.
- (a) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly 9 10 be present in any school building, on real property comprising any school, or in any conveyance owned, leased, or 11 12 contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school related activity when persons under the 13 14 age of 18 are present in the building, on the grounds or in 15 the conveyance, unless the offender is a parent or guardian of a student present in the building, on the grounds or in 16 17 the conveyance or unless the offender has permission to be present from the superintendent or the school board or in the 18 case of a private school from the principal. In the case of 19 20 a public school, if permission is granted, the superintendent 21 or school board president must inform the principal of the 22 school where the sex offender will be present. Notification includes the nature of the sex offender's visit and the hours 23 24 in which the sex offender will be present in the school. sex offender is responsible for notifying the principal's 25 office when he or she arrives on school property and when he 26 or she departs from school property. If the sex offender is 27 28 to be present in the vicinity of children, the sex offender 29 has the duty to remain under the direct supervision of a school official. A child sex offender who violates this 30 provision is guilty of a Class 4 felony. 31
- 32 (1) (Blank; or)
- 33 (2) (Blank.)

- 1 (b) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly 2 loiter on a public way within 500 feet of a school building real property comprising any school while persons under 3 4 the age of 18 are present in the building or on the grounds, 5 unless the offender is a parent or guardian of a student 6 present in the building or on the grounds or has permission 7 to be present from the superintendent or the school board or in the case of a private school from the principal. 8 9 a public school, if permission is granted, the superintendent or school board president must inform 10 11 principal of the school where the sex offender will be present. Notification includes the nature of the 12 sex offender's visit and the hours in which the sex offender will 13 be present in the school. The sex offender is responsible 14 for notifying the principal's office when he or she arrives 15 16 on school property and when he or she departs from school property. If the sex offender is to be present in the 17 18 vicinity of children, the sex offender has the duty to remain 19 under the direct supervision of a school official. A child sex offender who violates this provision is guilty of a Class 20 21 4 felony.
- 22 (1) (Blank; or)
- 23 (2) (Blank.)

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- (b-5) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly reside within 500 feet of a school building or the real property comprising any school that persons under the age of 18 attend. Nothing in this subsection (b-5) prohibits a child sex offender from residing within 500 feet of a school building or the real property comprising any school that persons under 18 attend if the property is owned by the child sex offender and was purchased before the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly.
 - (c) Definitions. In this Section:
- 34 (1) "Child sex offender" means any person who:

1	(i) has been charged under Illinois law, or
2	any substantially similar federal law or law of
3	another state, with a sex offense set forth in
4	paragraph (2) of this subsection (c) or the attempt
5	to commit an included sex offense, and:
6	(A) is convicted of such offense or an
7	attempt to commit such offense; or
8	(B) is found not guilty by reason of
9	insanity of such offense or an attempt to
10	commit such offense; or
11	(C) is found not guilty by reason of
12	insanity pursuant to subsection (c) of Section
13	104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of
14	1963 of such offense or an attempt to commit
15	such offense; or
16	(D) is the subject of a finding not
17	resulting in an acquittal at a hearing
18	conducted pursuant to subsection (a) of Section
19	104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of
20	1963 for the alleged commission or attempted
21	commission of such offense; or
22	(E) is found not guilty by reason of
23	insanity following a hearing conducted pursuant
24	to a federal law or the law of another state
25	substantially similar to subsection (c) of
26	Section 104-25 of the Code of Criminal
27	Procedure of 1963 of such offense or of the
28	attempted commission of such offense; or
29	(F) is the subject of a finding not
30	resulting in an acquittal at a hearing
31	conducted pursuant to a federal law or the law
32	of another state substantially similar to
33	subsection (a) of Section 104-25 of the Code of
34	Criminal Procedure of 1963 for the alleged

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(ii) is certified as a sexually dangerous person pursuant to the Illinois Sexually Dangerous Persons Act, or any substantially similar federal law or the law of another state, when any conduct giving rise to such certification is committed or attempted against a person less than 18 years of age; or

(iii) is subject to the provisions of Section
2 of the Interstate Agreements on Sexually Dangerous
Persons Act.

Convictions that result from or are connected with the same act, or result from offenses committed at the same time, shall be counted for the purpose of this Section as one conviction. Any conviction set aside pursuant to law is not a conviction for purposes of this Section.

- (2) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph
 (2.5), "sex offense" means:
 - (i) A violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961: 10-7 (aiding abetting child abduction under and 10-5(b)(10) or aiding and abetting illegal solicitation of a child under Section 11-6.1), 10-5(b)(10)(child luring), 11-6 (indecent solicitation of child), <u>11-6.1 (illegal</u> а solicitation of a child), 11-6.5 (indecent solicitation of an adult), 11-9 (public indecency when committed in a school, on the real property comprising a school, or on a conveyance, owned, leased, or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school related activity), 11-9.1 (sexual exploitation of a child),

1	11-15.1 (soliciting for a juvenile prostitute),
2	11-17.1 (keeping a place of juvenile prostitution),
3	11-18.1 (patronizing a juvenile prostitute), 11-19.1
4	(juvenile pimping), 11-19.2 (exploitation of a
5	child), 11-20.1 (child pornography), 11-21 (harmful
6	material <u>for a child</u>), 12-14.1 (predatory criminal
7	sexual assault of a child), 12-33 (ritualized abuse
8	of a child), 11-20 (obscenity) (when that offense
9	was committed in any school, on real property
10	comprising any school, in any conveyance owned,
11	leased, or contracted by a school to transport
12	students to or from school or a school related
13	activity). An attempt to commit any of these
14	offenses.
15	(ii) A violation of any of the following
16	Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the
17	victim is a person under 18 years of age: 12-13
18	(criminal sexual assault), 12-14 (aggravated
19	criminal sexual assault), 12-15 (criminal sexual
20	abuse), 12-16 (aggravated criminal sexual abuse).
21	An attempt to commit any of these offenses.
22	(iii) A violation of any of the following
23	Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the
24	victim is a person under 18 years of age and the
25	defendant is not a parent of the victim:
26	10-1 (kidnapping),
27	10-2 (aggravated kidnapping),
28	10-3 (unlawful restraint),
29	10-3.1 (aggravated unlawful restraint).
30	An attempt to commit any of these offenses.
31	(iv) A violation of any former law of this
32	State substantially equivalent to any offense listed
33	in clause (2)(i) of subsection (c) of this Section.
34	(2.5) For the purposes of subsection (b-5) only, a

sex offense means:

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2 (i) A violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961: 3 4 10-5(b)(10) (child luring), 10-7 (aiding and abetting child abduction under Section 5 10-5(b)(10) or aiding and abetting illegal 6 7 solicitation of a child under Section 11-6.1), 11-6 (indecent solicitation of a child), 11-6.18 9 (illegal solicitation of a child), 11-6.5 (indecent solicitation of an adult), 11-15.1 10 11 (soliciting for a juvenile prostitute), 11-17.1 (keeping a place of juvenile prostitution), 12 11-18.1 (patronizing a juvenile prostitute), 13 11-19.1 (juvenile pimping), 11-19.2 14 (exploitation of a child), 11-20.1 (child 15 16 pornography), 12-14.1 (predatory criminal sexual assault of a child), or 12-33 17 (ritualized abuse of a child). An attempt to 18 19 commit any of these offenses. (ii) A violation of any of the following 20 Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the 2.1 22 victim is a person under 18 years of age: 12-13 23 (criminal sexual assault), 12-14 (aggravated criminal sexual assault), 12-16 (aggravated criminal 24 25 sexual abuse), and subsection (a) of Section 12-15 (criminal sexual abuse). An attempt to commit any 26 of these offenses. 27 (iii) A violation of any of the following 28 Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the 29 30 victim is a person under 18 years of age and the defendant is not a parent of the victim: 31 10-1 (kidnapping), 32 33 10-2 (aggravated kidnapping), 34 10-3 (unlawful restraint),

1	10-3.1 (aggravated unlawful restraint).
2	An attempt to commit any of these offenses.
3	(iv) A violation of any former law of this
4	State substantially equivalent to any offense listed
5	in this paragraph (2.5) of this subsection.
6	(3) A conviction for an offense of federal law or
7	the law of another state that is substantially equivalent
8	to any offense listed in paragraph (2) of subsection (c)
9	of this Section shall constitute a conviction for the
10	purpose of this Article. A finding or adjudication as a
11	sexually dangerous person under any federal law or law of
12	another state that is substantially equivalent to the
13	Sexually Dangerous Persons Act shall constitute an
14	adjudication for the purposes of this Section.
15	(4) "School" means a public or private pre-school,
16	elementary, or secondary school.
17	(5) "Loiter" means:
18	(i) Standing, sitting idly, whether or not the
19	person is in a vehicle or remaining in or around
20	school property.
21	(ii) Standing, sitting idly, whether or not
22	the person is in a vehicle or remaining in or around
23	school property, for the purpose of committing or
24	attempting to commit a sex offense.
25	(6) "School official" means the principal, a
26	teacher, or any other certified employee of the school,
27	the superintendent of schools or a member of the school
28	board.
29	(d) Sentence. A person who violates this Section is
30	guilty of a Class 4 felony.

31 (Source: P.A. 90-234, eff. 1-1-98; 90-655, eff. 7-30-98;

91-356, eff. 1-1-00; 91-911, eff. 7-7-00.)

- Sec. 11-9.4. Approaching, contacting, residing, or communicating with a child within public park zone by child sex offenders prohibited.
- It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly 4 be present in any public park building or on real property 5 comprising any public park when persons under the age of 18 6 7 are present in the building or on the grounds and to 8 approach, contact, or communicate with a child under 18 years 9 of age, unless the offender is a parent or guardian of person under 18 years of age present in the building or on 10 11 the grounds.
- (b) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly 12 loiter on a public way within 500 feet of a public park 13 building or real property comprising any public park while 14 15 persons under the age of 18 are present in the building or on 16 the grounds and to approach, contact, or communicate with a child under 18 years of age, unless the offender is a parent 17 or guardian of a person under 18 years of age present in the 18 19 building or on the grounds.

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- (b-5) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly reside within 500 feet of a playground or a facility providing programs or services exclusively directed toward persons under 18 years of age. Nothing in this subsection (b-5) prohibits a child sex offender from residing within 500 feet of a playground or a facility providing programs or services exclusively directed toward persons under 18 years of age if the property is owned by the child sex offender and was purchased before the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly.
- (c) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly operate, manage, be employed by, volunteer at, be associated with, or knowingly be present at any facility providing programs or services exclusively directed towards persons under the age of 18. This does not prohibit a child sex

1	offender from owning the real property upon which the
2	programs or services are offered, provided the child sex
3	offender refrains from being present on the premises for the
4	hours during which the programs or services are being
5	offered.
6	(d) Definitions. In this Section:
7	(1) "Child sex offender" means any person who:
8	(i) has been charged under Illinois law, or
9	any substantially similar federal law or law of
10	another state, with a sex offense set forth in
11	paragraph (2) of this subsection (d) or the attempt
12	to commit an included sex offense, and:
13	(A) is convicted of such offense or an
14	attempt to commit such offense; or
15	(B) is found not guilty by reason of
16	insanity of such offense or an attempt to
17	commit such offense; or
18	(C) is found not guilty by reason of
19	insanity pursuant to subsection (c) of Section
20	104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of
21	1963 of such offense or an attempt to commit
22	such offense; or
23	(D) is the subject of a finding not
24	resulting in an acquittal at a hearing
25	conducted pursuant to subsection (a) of Section
26	104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of
27	1963 for the alleged commission or attempted
28	commission of such offense; or
29	(E) is found not guilty by reason of
30	insanity following a hearing conducted pursuant
31	to a federal law or the law of another state
32	substantially similar to subsection (c) of
33	Section 104-25 of the Code of Criminal
34	Procedure of 1963 of such offense or of the

1	attempted commission of such offense; or
2	(F) is the subject of a finding not
3	resulting in an acquittal at a hearing
4	conducted pursuant to a federal law or the law
5	of another state substantially similar to
6	subsection (a) of Section 104-25 of the Code of
7	Criminal Procedure of 1963 for the alleged
8	violation or attempted commission of such
9	offense; or
10	(ii) is certified as a sexually dangerous
11	person pursuant to the Illinois Sexually Dangerous
12	Persons Act, or any substantially similar federal
13	law or the law of another state, when any conduct
14	giving rise to such certification is committed or
15	attempted against a person less than 18 years of
16	age; or
17	(iii) is subject to the provisions of Section
18	2 of the Interstate Agreements on Sexually Dangerous
19	Persons Act.
20	Convictions that result from or are connected with
21	the same act, or result from offenses committed at the
22	same time, shall be counted for the purpose of this
23	Section as one conviction. Any conviction set aside
24	pursuant to law is not a conviction for purposes of this
25	Section.
26	(2) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph
27	(2.5), "sex offense" means:
28	(i) A violation of any of the following
29	Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961: 10-7 (aiding
30	and abetting child abduction under Section
31	10-5(b)(10) or aiding and abetting illegal
32	solicitation of a child under Section 11-6.1),
33	10-5(b)(10) (child luring), 11-6 (indecent
34	solicitation of a child), <u>11-6.1</u> (illegal

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solicitation of a child), 11-6.5 (indecent solicitation of an adult), 11-9 (public indecency when committed in a school, on the real property comprising a school, on a conveyance owned, leased, or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school related activity, or in a public park), 11-9.1 (sexual exploitation of a child), 11-15.1 (soliciting for a prostitute), 11-17.1 (keeping a place of juvenile prostitution), 11-18.1 (patronizing a juvenile prostitute), 11-19.1 (juvenile pimping), 11-19.2 (exploitation of a child), 11-20.1 (child pornography), 11-21 (harmful material for a child), 12-14.1 (predatory criminal sexual assault of a child), 12-33 (ritualized abuse of a child), 11-20 (obscenity) (when that offense was committed in any school, on real property comprising any school, on any conveyance owned, leased, or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school related activity, or in a public park). An attempt to commit any of these offenses.

(ii) A violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a person under 18 years of age: 12-13 (criminal sexual assault), 12-14 (aggravated criminal sexual assault), 12-15 (criminal sexual abuse), 12-16 (aggravated criminal sexual abuse). An attempt to commit any of these offenses.

(iii) A violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a person under 18 years of age and the defendant is not a parent of the victim:

10-1 (kidnapping),

10-2 (aggravated kidnapping),

1	10-3 (unlawful restraint),
2	10-3.1 (aggravated unlawful restraint).
3	An attempt to commit any of these offenses.
4	(iv) A violation of any former law of this
5	State substantially equivalent to any offense listed
6	in clause (2)(i) of this subsection (d).
7	(2.5) For the purposes of subsection (b-5) only, a
8	sex offense means:
9	(i) A violation of any of the following
10	Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961:
11	10-5(b)(10) (child luring), 10-7 (aiding
12	and abetting child abduction under Section
13	10-5(b)(10) or aiding and abetting illegal
14	solicitation of a child under Section 11-6.1),
15	11-6 (indecent solicitation of a child), $\underline{11-6.1}$
16	(illegal solicitation of a child), 11-6.5
17	(indecent solicitation of an adult), 11-15.1
18	(soliciting for a juvenile prostitute), 11-17.1
19	(keeping a place of juvenile prostitution),
20	11-18.1 (patronizing a juvenile prostitute),
21	11-19.1 (juvenile pimping), 11-19.2
22	(exploitation of a child), 11-20.1 (child
23	pornography), 12-14.1 (predatory criminal
24	sexual assault of a child), or 12-33
25	(ritualized abuse of a child). An attempt to
26	commit any of these offenses.
27	(ii) A violation of any of the following
28	Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the
29	victim is a person under 18 years of age: 12-13
30	(criminal sexual assault), 12-14 (aggravated
31	criminal sexual assault), 12-16 (aggravated criminal
32	sexual abuse), and subsection (a) of Section 12-15
33	(criminal sexual abuse). An attempt to commit any
34	of these offenses.

1	(iii) A violation of any of the following
2	Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the
3	victim is a person under 18 years of age and the
4	defendant is not a parent of the victim:
5	10-1 (kidnapping),
6	10-2 (aggravated kidnapping),
7	10-3 (unlawful restraint),
8	10-3.1 (aggravated unlawful restraint).
9	An attempt to commit any of these offenses.
10	(iv) A violation of any former law of this
11	State substantially equivalent to any offense listed
12	in this paragraph (2.5) of this subsection.
13	(3) A conviction for an offense of federal law or
14	the law of another state that is substantially equivalent
15	to any offense listed in paragraph (2) of this
16	subsection (d) shall constitute a conviction for the
17	purpose of this Section. A finding or adjudication as a
18	sexually dangerous person under any federal law or law of
19	another state that is substantially equivalent to the
20	Sexually Dangerous Persons Act shall constitute an
21	adjudication for the purposes of this Section.
22	(4) "Public park" includes a park, forest preserve,
23	or conservation area under the jurisdiction of the State
24	or a unit of local government.
25	(5) "Facility providing programs or services
26	directed towards persons under the age of 18" means any
27	facility providing programs or services exclusively
28	directed towards persons under the age of 18.
29	(6) "Loiter" means:
30	(i) Standing, sitting idly, whether or not the
31	person is in a vehicle or remaining in or around
32	public park property.
33	(ii) Standing, sitting idly, whether or not

the person is in a vehicle or remaining in or around

1	public park property, for the purpose of committing
2	or attempting to commit a sex offense.
3	(7) "Playground" means a piece of land owned or
4	controlled by a unit of local government that is
5	designated by the unit of local government for use solely
6	or primarily for children's recreation.
7	(e) Sentence. A person who violates this Section is
8	guilty of a Class 4 felony.
9	(Source: P.A. 91-458, eff. 1-1-00; 91-911, eff. 7-7-00.)
10	(720 ILCS 5/11-20.1) (from Ch. 38, par. 11-20.1)
11	Sec. 11-20.1. Child pornography.
12	(a) A person commits the offense of child pornography
13	who:
14	(1) films, videotapes, photographs, or otherwise
15	depicts or portrays by means of any similar visual medium
16	or reproduction or depicts by computer any child whom he
17	knows or reasonably should know to be under the age of 18
18	or any severely or profoundly mentally retarded person
19	where such child or severely or profoundly mentally
20	retarded person is:
21	(i) actually or by simulation engaged in any
22	act of sexual intercourse with any person or animal;
23	or
24	(ii) actually or by simulation engaged in any
25	act of sexual contact involving the sex organs of
26	the child or severely or profoundly mentally
27	retarded person and the mouth, anus, or sex organs
28	of another person or animal; or which involves the
29	mouth, anus or sex organs of the child or severely
30	or profoundly mentally retarded person and the sex
31	organs of another person or animal; or
32	(iii) actually or by simulation engaged in any
33	act of masturbation; or

1	(iv) actually or by simulation portrayed as
2	being the object of, or otherwise engaged in, any
3	act of lewd fondling, touching, or caressing
4	involving another person or animal; or
5	(v) actually or by simulation engaged in any
6	act of excretion or urination within a sexual
7	context; or
8	(vi) actually or by simulation portrayed or
9	depicted as bound, fettered, or subject to sadistic,
10	masochistic, or sadomasochistic abuse in any sexual
11	context; or
12	(vii) depicted or portrayed in any pose,
13	posture or setting involving a lewd exhibition of
14	the unclothed genitals, pubic area, buttocks, or, if
15	such person is female, a fully or partially
16	developed breast of the child or other person; or
17	(2) with the knowledge of the nature or content
18	thereof, reproduces, disseminates, offers to disseminate,
19	exhibits or possesses with intent to disseminate any
20	film, videotape, photograph or other similar visual
21	reproduction or depiction by computer of any child or
22	severely or profoundly mentally retarded person whom the
23	person knows or reasonably should know to be under the
24	age of 18 or to be a severely or profoundly mentally
25	retarded person, engaged in any activity described in
26	subparagraphs (i) through (vii) of paragraph (1) of this
27	subsection; or
28	(3) with knowledge of the subject matter or theme
29	thereof, produces any stage play, live performance, film,
30	videotape or other similar visual portrayal or depiction
31	by computer which includes a child whom the person knows
32	or reasonably should know to be under the age of 18 or a
33	severely or profoundly mentally retarded person engaged

in any activity described in subparagraphs (i) through

(vii) of paragraph (1) of this subsection; or

- (4) solicits, uses, persuades, induces, entices, or coerces any child whom he knows or reasonably should know to be under the age of 18 or a severely or profoundly mentally retarded person to appear in any stage play, live presentation, film, videotape, photograph or other similar visual reproduction or depiction by computer in which the child or severely or profoundly mentally retarded person is or will be depicted, actually or by simulation, in any act, pose or setting described in subparagraphs (i) through (vii) of paragraph (1) of this subsection; or
- other person having care or custody of a child whom the person knows or reasonably should know to be under the age of 18 or a severely or profoundly mentally retarded person and who knowingly permits, induces, promotes, or arranges for such child or severely or profoundly mentally retarded person to appear in any stage play, live performance, film, videotape, photograph or other similar visual presentation, portrayal or simulation or depiction by computer of any act or activity described in subparagraphs (i) through (vii) of paragraph (1) of this subsection; or
- (6) with knowledge of the nature or content thereof, possesses any film, videotape, photograph or other similar visual reproduction or depiction by computer of any child or severely or profoundly mentally retarded person whom the person knows or reasonably should know to be under the age of 18 or to be a severely or profoundly mentally retarded person, engaged in any activity described in subparagraphs (i) through (vii) of paragraph (1) of this subsection; or
 - (7) solicits, uses, persuades, induces, entices, or

coerces a person to provide a child under the age of 18 or a severely or profoundly mentally retarded person to appear in any videotape, photograph, film, stage play, live presentation, or other similar visual reproduction or depiction by computer in which the child or severely or profoundly mentally retarded person will be depicted, actually or by simulation, in any act, pose, or setting described in subparagraphs (i) through (vii) of paragraph (1) of this subsection; or:

- (8) solicits, persuades, induces, entices, seduces, or coerces a child under 18 years of age to pose for a photograph, video, or a digital image in any posture or setting that could be construed as child erotica.
- (b) (1) It shall be an affirmative defense to a charge of child pornography that the defendant reasonably believed, under all of the circumstances, that the child was 18 years of age or older or that the person was not a severely or profoundly mentally retarded person but only where, prior to the act or acts giving rise to a prosecution under this Section, he took some affirmative action or made a bonafide inquiry designed to ascertain whether the child was 18 years of age or older or that the person was not a severely or profoundly mentally retarded person and his reliance upon the information so obtained was clearly reasonable.
 - (2) (Blank).
 - (3) The charge of child pornography shall not apply to the performance of official duties by law enforcement or prosecuting officers, court personnel or attorneys, nor to bonafide treatment or professional education programs conducted by licensed physicians, psychologists or social workers.
- (4) Possession by the defendant of more than one of the same film, videotape or visual reproduction or depiction by computer in which child pornography is

depicted shall raise a rebuttable presumption that the defendant possessed such materials with the intent to disseminate them.

- (5) The charge of child pornography does not apply to a person who does not voluntarily possess a film, videotape, or visual reproduction or depiction by computer in which child pornography is depicted. Possession is voluntary if the defendant knowingly procures or receives a film, videotape, or visual reproduction or depiction for a sufficient time to be able to terminate his or her possession.
- (6) The charge of child pornography does not apply to the generation, depiction, or possession of computer generated images that are not depictions of actual persons.
- (c) Violation of paragraph (1), (4), (5), or (7) of subsection (a) is a Class 1 felony with a mandatory minimum fine of \$2,000 and a maximum fine of \$100,000. Violation of paragraph (3) of subsection (a) is a Class 1 felony with a mandatory minimum fine of \$1500 and a maximum fine of \$100,000. Violation of paragraph (2) of subsection (a) is a Class 1 felony with a mandatory minimum fine of \$1000 and a maximum fine of \$100,000. Violation of paragraph (6) or (8) of subsection (a) is a Class 3 felony with a mandatory minimum fine of \$1000 and a maximum fine of \$100,000.
- (d) If a person is convicted of a second or subsequent violation of this Section within 10 years of a prior conviction, the court shall order a presentence psychiatric examination of the person. The examiner shall report to the court whether treatment of the person is necessary.
- 31 (e) Any film, videotape, photograph or other similar 32 visual reproduction or depiction by computer which includes a 33 child under the age of 18 or a severely or profoundly 34 mentally retarded person engaged in any activity described in

- 1 subparagraphs (i) through (vii) or paragraph 1 of subsection
- 2 (a), and any material or equipment used or intended for use
- 3 in photographing, filming, printing, producing, reproducing,
- 4 manufacturing, projecting, exhibiting, depiction by computer,
- 5 or disseminating such material shall be seized and forfeited
- 6 in the manner, method and procedure provided by Section 36-1
- 7 of this Code for the seizure and forfeiture of vessels,
- 8 vehicles and aircraft.
- 9 (e-5) Upon the conclusion of a case brought under this 10 Section, the court shall seal all evidence depicting a victim
- or witness that is sexually explicit. The evidence may be
- 12 unsealed and viewed, on a motion of the party seeking to
- 13 unseal and view the evidence, only for good cause shown and
- in the discretion of the court. The motion must expressly
- 15 set forth the purpose for viewing the material. The State's
- 16 attorney and the victim, if possible, shall be provided
- 17 reasonable notice of the hearing on the motion to unseal the
- 18 evidence. Any person entitled to notice of a hearing under
- 19 this subsection (e-5) may object to the motion.
- 20 (f) Definitions. For the purposes of this Section:
- 21 (1) "Disseminate" means (i) to sell, distribute,
- 22 exchange or transfer possession, whether with or without
- consideration or (ii) to make a depiction by computer
- 24 available for distribution or downloading through the
- facilities of any telecommunications network or through
- any other means of transferring computer programs or data
- 27 to a computer;
- 28 (2) "Produce" means to direct, promote, advertise,
- publish, manufacture, issue, present or show;
 - (3) "Reproduce" means to make a duplication or
- 31 copy;

- 32 (4) "Depict by computer" means to generate or
- create, or cause to be created or generated, a computer
- program or data that, after being processed by a computer

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either alone or in conjunction with one or more computer programs, results in a visual depiction on a computer monitor, screen, or display.

- (5) "Depiction by computer" means a computer program or data that, after being processed by a computer either alone or in conjunction with one or more computer programs, results in a visual depiction on a computer monitor, screen, or display.
- (6) "Computer", "computer program", and "data" have the meanings ascribed to them in Section 16D-2 of this Code.
- (7) "Child" includes a film, videotape, photograph, or other similar visual medium or reproduction depiction by computer that is, or appears to be, that of a person, either in part, or in total, under the age of regardless of the method by which the film, videotape, photograph, or other similar visual medium or reproduction depiction by computer is created, or adopted, or modified to appear as such. "Child" also includes a film, videotape, photograph, or other similar visual medium or reproduction or depiction by computer that is advertised, promoted, presented, described, or distributed in such a manner that conveys the impression the film, videotape, photograph, or other similar visual medium or reproduction or depiction by computer is of a person under the age of 18.
- (8) "Child erotica" means any photograph, videotape, or digital image in which the focus or the concentration of the photograph, videotape, or digital image is the lewd or lascivious depiction or exhibition of the child's clothed or unclothed genitals, the child's pubic area, or, if the child is a female, the child's fully or partially developed breast exposed or through transparent clothing. The following factors shall be

taken into consideration in determining whether a visual depiction of a child constitutes a lewd or lascivious exhibition of the genitals, pubic area, or breast: (i) whether the focal point of the visual depiction is on the child's genitalia, pubic area, or breast; (ii) whether the setting of the visual depiction is sexually suggestive, i.e., in a place or pose generally associated with sexual activity; (iii) whether the child is depicted in an unnatural pose, or in inappropriate attire, considering the age of the child; (iv) whether the child is fully or partially clothed, or nude; (v) whether the visual depiction suggests sexual coyness or a willingness to engage in sexual activity; or (vi) whether the visual depiction is intended or designed to elicit a sexual response in the viewer.

- (g) Re-enactment; findings; purposes.
 - (1) The General Assembly finds and declares that:
 - (i) Section 50-5 of Public Act 88-680, effective January 1, 1995, contained provisions amending the child pornography statute, Section 11-20.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961. Section 50-5 also contained other provisions.
 - entitled "AN ACT to create a Safe Neighborhoods Law". (A) Article 5 was entitled JUVENILE JUSTICE and amended the Juvenile Court Act of 1987. (B) Article 15 was entitled GANGS and amended various provisions of the Criminal Code of 1961 and the Unified Code of Corrections. (C) Article 20 was entitled ALCOHOL ABUSE and amended various provisions of the Illinois Vehicle Code. (D) Article 25 was entitled DRUG ABUSE and amended the Cannabis Control Act and the Illinois Controlled Substances Act. (E) Article 30 was entitled FIREARMS

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and amended the Criminal Code of 1961 and the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963. (F) Article 35 amended the Criminal Code of 1961, the Rights of Crime Victims and Witnesses Act, and the Unified Code of Corrections. (G) Article 40 amended the Criminal Code of 1961 to increase the penalty for compelling organization membership of persons. (H) Article 45 created the Secure Residential Youth Care Facility Licensing Act and amended the State Finance Act, the Juvenile Court Act of 1987, the Unified Code of Corrections, and the Private Correctional Facility Moratorium Act. (I) Article 50 amended the WIC Vendor Management Act, the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act, the Juvenile Court Act of 1987, the Criminal Code of 1961, the Wrongs to Children Act, and the Unified Code of Corrections.

(iii) On September 22, 1998, the Third District Appellate Court in People v. Dainty, 701 N.E. 2d 118, ruled that Public Act 88-680 violates the single subject clause of the Illinois Constitution (Article IV, Section 8 (d)) and was unconstitutional in its entirety. As of the time this amendatory Act of 1999 was prepared, People v. Dainty was still subject to appeal.

(iv) Child pornography is a vital concern to the people of this State and the validity of future prosecutions under the child pornography statute of the Criminal Code of 1961 is in grave doubt.

(2) It is the purpose of this amendatory Act of 1999 to prevent or minimize any problems relating to prosecutions for child pornography that may result from challenges to the constitutional validity of Public Act 88-680 by re-enacting the Section relating to child pornography that was included in Public Act 88-680.

- 1 (3) This amendatory Act of 1999 re-enacts Section 2 11-20.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961, as it has been amended. This re-enactment is intended to remove any 3 4 question as to the validity or content of that Section; it is not intended to supersede any other Public Act that 5 amends the text of the Section as set forth in this 6 7 amendatory Act of 1999. The material is shown as 8 existing text (i.e., without underscoring) because, as 9 of the time this amendatory Act of 1999 was prepared, People v. Dainty was subject to appeal to the Illinois 10 11 Supreme Court.
- (4) The re-enactment by this amendatory Act of 1999 12 of Section 11-20.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 relating 13 to child pornography that was amended by Public Act 14 15 88-680 is not intended, and shall not be construed, to 16 imply that Public Act 88-680 is invalid or to limit or impair any legal argument concerning whether those 17 provisions were substantially re-enacted by other Public 18 Acts. 19
- 20 (Source: P.A. 91-54, eff. 6-30-99; 91-229, eff. 1-1-00; 21 91-357, eff. 7-29-99; 92-16, eff. 6-28-01; 92-434, eff.
- 22 1-1-02.)
- 23 (720 ILCS 5/11-21) (from Ch. 38, par. 11-21)
- Sec. 11-21. Harmful material for a child.
- 25 (a) Elements of the Offense.
- A person who, with knowledge that a person is a child, that is a person under 18 years of age, or who fails to exercise reasonable care in ascertaining the true age of a child, knowingly distributes to or sends or causes to be sent to, or exhibits to, or offers to distribute or exhibit any harmful material to a child, is guilty of distribution of
- 32 <u>harmful material for a child</u> a-misdemeaner.
- 33 (b) Definitions.

- 1 Material is harmful or obscene for children when it 2 is a pornographic written, visual, or audio matter, judged in reference to the age group of children in the intended and 3 4 probable recipient audience, and if: (i) the average adult person, applying contemporary community standards, would 5 find, taken as a whole and with respect to those children, 6 7 appeals to a prurient interest in nudity, sex, or excretion; 8 and (ii) the average adult person, applying contemporary 9 community standards, would find depicts, describes, or 10 represents, in a patently offensive way with respect to what 11 is suitable for those children, ultimate sexual acts or 12 sadomasochistic sexual acts or abuse, whether normal or 13 perverted, actual or simulated, or masturbation, excretory functions, or lewd exhibition of the genitals, pubic area, 14 buttocks, or post-pubertal female breast; and (iii) a 15 16 reasonable person would find, taken as a whole, that it lacks serious literary, artistic, political, or scientific value 17 for those children in the intended and probable recipient 18 19 audience. Material-is-harmful--if,--to--the--average--person, 20 applying--contemporary--standards,--its--predominant--appeal, 2.1 taken-as-a-whole,-is-to-prurient-interest,-that-is-a-shameful 22 or--morbid--interest-in-nudity,-sex,-or-excretion,-which-goes 23 substantially--beyond---customary---limits---of---candor---in 24 description -- or -- representation -- of -- such -- matters -- and -- is 25 material--the--redeeming--social--importance--of---which---is 26 substantially-less-than-its-prurient-appeal.
- 27 (2) Material, as used in this Section means any writing, 28 picture, record or other representation or embodiment.
- 29 (3) Distribute means to transfer possession of, whether 30 with or without consideration.
- 31 (4) Knowingly, as used in this Section means having 32 general knowledge or awareness of the nature or contents of 33 the subject matter, or recklessly failing to exercise 34 reasonable inspection which would have disclosed the contents

- 1 thereof.
- 2 (c) Interpretation of Evidence.
- 3 The predominant appeal to prurient interest of the
- 4 material shall be judged with reference to average children
- of the same general age of the child to whom such material
- 6 was offered, distributed, sent or exhibited, unless it
- 7 appears from the nature of the matter or the circumstances of
- 8 its dissemination, distribution or exhibition that it is
- 9 designed for specially susceptible groups, in which case the
- 10 predominant appeal of the material shall be judged with
- 11 reference to its intended or probable recipient group.
- 12 In prosecutions under this section, where circumstances
- 13 of production, presentation, sale, dissemination,
- 14 distribution, or publicity indicate the material is being
- 15 commercially exploited for the sake of its prurient appeal,
- 16 such evidence is probative with respect to the nature of the
- 17 material and can justify the conclusion that the redeeming
- 18 social importance of the material is in fact substantially
- 19 less than its prurient appeal.
- 20 (d) Sentence.
- 21 Distribution of harmful material in violation of this
- 22 Section is a Class A misdemeanor. A second or subsequent
- offense is a Class 4 felony. <u>If a person uses a computer to</u>
- 24 knowingly distribute to, or sends or causes to be sent to, or
- 25 <u>exhibits</u> to, or offers to distribute or exhibit any harmful
- 26 <u>material for a child, he or she is guilty of a Class 4</u>
- 27 <u>felony</u>.
- 28 (e) Affirmative Defenses.
- 29 (1) Nothing in this section shall prohibit any public
- 30 library or any library operated by an accredited institution
- 31 of higher education from circulating harmful material to any
- 32 person under 18 years of age, provided such circulation is in
- 33 aid of a legitimate scientific or educational purpose, and it
- 34 shall be an affirmative defense in any prosecution for a

- violation of this section that the act charged was committed in aid of legitimate scientific or educational purposes.
- 3 (2) Nothing in this section shall prohibit any parent 4 from distributing to his child any harmful material.
- 5 (3) Proof that the defendant demanded, was shown and б acted in reliance upon any of the following documents as 7 proof of the age of a child, shall be a defense to any criminal prosecution under this section: A document issued by 8 9 the federal government or any state, county or municipal government or subdivision or agency thereof, including, but 10 11 not limited to, a motor vehicle operator's license, a registration certificate issued under the Federal Selective 12 Service Act or an identification card issued to a member of 13 the armed forces. 14
- In the event an advertisement of harmful material as 15 (4)16 defined in this Section culminates in the distribution of such harmful material to a child, under 17 circumstances where there was no personal confrontation of 18 19 the child by the defendant, his employees or agents, as where request for such harmful material was 20 the order or 21 transmitted by mail, telephone, computer, common carrier, or 22 similar means of communication, and delivery of such harmful 23 material to the child was by mail, freight, computer, common carrier, or similar means of transport, such purchase of the 24 25 harmful material must be by credit card or personal check and the harmful material must be delivered to the purchaser only 26 at the address listed on the credit card or personal check. 27 It shall be a defense in any prosecution for a violation of 28 this Section that: (1) the advertisement contained the 29 30 following statement, or a statement substantially similar thereto, and that the defendant required the purchaser to 31 32 certify that he was not under 18 years of age and that the purchaser falsely stated that he was not under 18 years of 33 age: "NOTICE: It is unlawful for any person under 18 years of 34

- 1 age to purchase the matter herein advertised. Any person
- 2 under 18 years of age who falsely states that he is not under
- 3 18 years of age for the purpose of obtaining the material
- 4 advertised herein, is guilty of a Class B misdemeanor under
- 5 the laws of the State of Illinois". and (2) in any sale or
- 6 <u>distribution of such harmful material for a child the</u>
- 7 purchase was by credit card or personal check and the harmful
- 8 <u>material</u> for a child was sent to the address on the credit
- 9 <u>card or personal check.</u>
- 10 (f) Child Falsifying Age.
- 11 Any person under 18 years of age who falsely states,
- 12 either orally or in writing, that he is not under the age of
- 13 18 years, or who presents or offers to any person any
- 14 evidence of age and identity which is false or not actually
- 15 his own for the purpose of ordering, obtaining, viewing, or
- 16 otherwise procuring or attempting to procure or view any
- 17 harmful material, is guilty of a Class B misdemeanor.
- 18 (Source: P.A. 77-2638.)
- 19 (720 ILCS 5/11-24 new)
- Sec. 11-24. Child photography by sex offender.
- 21 <u>(a) In this Section:</u>
- 22 "Child" means a person under 18 years of age.
- 23 "Child sex offender" has the meaning ascribed to it in
- 24 Section 11-9.3 of this Code.
- 25 (b) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to
- 26 <u>knowingly:</u>
- 27 <u>(1) conduct or operate any type of business in</u>
- which he or she photographs, videotapes, or takes a
- 29 <u>digital image of a child;</u>
- 30 (2) conduct or operate any type of business in
- 31 which he or she instructs or directs another person to
- 32 <u>photograph, videotape, or take a digital image of a</u>
- 33 <u>child;</u>

1 (3) conduct or operate any type of business in
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- which he or she offers for sale a photograph, videotape,
- 3 <u>computer disk, digital image, or visual depiction of a</u>
- 4 child;
- 5 (4) solicit, induce, persuade, or entice a child to
- 6 pose for a photograph, videotape, or digital image;
- 7 (5) transport a child or cause a child to be
- 8 <u>transported in order to pose for a photograph, videotape,</u>
- 9 <u>or digital image; or</u>
- 10 (6) arrange for a child to pose for a photograph,
- 11 <u>videotape, or digital image.</u>
- 12 (c) Sentence. A violation of this Section is a Class 2
- 13 <u>felony</u>.
- 14 Section 15. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended
- by changing Sections 5-4-3 and 5-9-1.7 as follows:
- 16 (730 ILCS 5/5-4-3) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-4-3)
- 17 Sec. 5-4-3. Persons convicted of, or found delinquent
- 18 for, qualifying offenses or institutionalized as sexually
- dangerous; blood specimens; genetic marker groups.
- 20 (a) Any person convicted of, found guilty under the
- Juvenile Court Act of 1987 for, or who received a disposition
- of court supervision for, a qualifying offense or attempt of
- 23 a qualifying offense, or institutionalized as a sexually
- 24 dangerous person under the Sexually Dangerous Persons Act, or
- 25 committed as a sexually violent person under the Sexually
- 26 Violent Persons Commitment Act shall, regardless of the
- 27 sentence or disposition imposed, be required to submit
- 28 specimens of blood to the Illinois Department of State Police
- 29 in accordance with the provisions of this Section, provided
- 30 such person is:
- 31 (1) convicted of a qualifying offense or attempt of
- 32 a qualifying offense on or after the effective date of

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l	this amendatory Act of 1989, and sentenced to a term of
2	imprisonment, periodic imprisonment, fine, probation,
3	conditional discharge or any other form of sentence, or
4	given a disposition of court supervision for the offense,
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- (1.5) found guilty or given supervision under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 for a qualifying offense or attempt of a qualifying offense on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1996, or
- (2) ordered institutionalized as a sexually dangerous person on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1989, or
- (3) convicted of a qualifying offense or attempt of a qualifying offense before the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1989 and is presently confined as a result of such conviction in any State correctional facility or county jail or is presently serving a sentence of probation, conditional discharge or periodic imprisonment as a result of such conviction, or
- (4) presently institutionalized as a sexually dangerous person or presently institutionalized as a person found guilty but mentally ill of a sexual offense or attempt to commit a sexual offense; or
- (4.5) ordered committed as a sexually violent person on or after the effective date of the Sexually Violent Persons Commitment Act; or
- (5) seeking transfer to or residency in Illinois under Sections 3-3-11 through 3-3-11.5 of the Unified Code of Corrections (Interstate Compact for the Supervision of Parolees and Probationers) or the Interstate Agreements on Sexually Dangerous Persons Act.
- 32 (a-5) Any person who was otherwise convicted of or 33 received a disposition of court supervision for any other 34 offense under the Criminal Code of 1961 or any offense

- 1 classified as a felony under Illinois law or who was found
- 2 guilty or given supervision for such a violation under the
- 3 Juvenile Court Act of 1987, may, regardless of the sentence
- 4 imposed, be required by an order of the court to submit
- 5 specimens of blood to the Illinois Department of State Police
- 6 in accordance with the provisions of this Section.
- 7 (b) Any person required by paragraphs (a)(1), (a)(1.5),
- 8 (a)(2), and (a-5) to provide specimens of blood shall provide
- 9 specimens of blood within 45 days after sentencing or
- 10 disposition at a collection site designated by the Illinois
- 11 Department of State Police.
- (c) Any person required by paragraphs (a)(3), (a)(4),
- and (a)(4.5) to provide specimens of blood shall be required
- 14 to provide such samples prior to final discharge, parole, or
- 15 release at a collection site designated by the Illinois
- 16 Department of State Police.
- 17 (c-5) Any person required by paragraph (a)(5) to provide
- 18 specimens of blood shall, where feasible, be required to
- 19 provide the specimens before being accepted for conditioned
- 20 residency in Illinois under the interstate compact or
- 21 agreement, but no later than 45 days after arrival in this
- 22 State.
- 23 (d) The Illinois Department of State Police shall
- 24 provide all equipment and instructions necessary for the
- 25 collection of blood samples. The collection of samples shall
- 26 be performed in a medically approved manner. Only
- 27 physician authorized to practice medicine, a registered nurse
- 28 or other qualified person trained in venipuncture may
- 29 withdraw blood for the purposes of this Act. The samples
- 30 shall thereafter be forwarded to the Illinois Department of
- 31 State Police, Division of Forensic Services, for analysis and
- 32 categorizing into genetic marker groupings.
- 33 (e) The genetic marker groupings shall be maintained by
- 34 the Illinois Department of State Police, Division of Forensic

- 1 Services.
- 2 (f) The genetic marker grouping analysis information
- 3 obtained pursuant to this Act shall be confidential and shall
- 4 be released only to peace officers of the United States, of
- 5 other states or territories, of the insular possessions of
- 6 the United States, of foreign countries duly authorized to
- 7 receive the same, to all peace officers of the State of
- 8 Illinois and to all prosecutorial agencies. Notwithstanding
- 9 any other statutory provision to the contrary, all
- 10 information obtained under this Section shall be maintained
- in a single State data base, which may be uploaded into a
- 12 national database, and may not be subject to expungement.
- 13 (g) For the purposes of this Section, "qualifying
- offense" means any of the following:
- 15 (1) Any violation or inchoate violation of Section
- 16 11-6, 11-9.1, 11-11, 11-15.1, 11-17.1, 11-18.1, 11-19.1,
- 17 11-19.2, 11-20.1, 12-13, 12-14, 12-14.1, 12-15, 12-16, or
- 18 12-33 of the Criminal Code of 1961, or
- 19 (1.1) Any violation or inchoate violation of
- 20 Section 9-1, 9-2, 10-1, 10-2, 12-11, 12-11.1, 18-1, 18-2,
- 21 18-3, 18-4, 19-1, or 19-2 of the Criminal Code of 1961
- for which persons are convicted on or after July 1, 2001,
- 23 or
- 24 (2) Any former statute of this State which defined
- 25 a felony sexual offense, or
- 26 (3) Any violation of paragraph (10) of subsection
- 27 (b) of Section 10-5 or Section 11-6.1 of the Criminal
- Code of 1961 when the sentencing court, upon a motion by
- 29 the State's Attorney or Attorney General, makes a finding
- that the child luring or solicitation involved an intent
- 31 to commit sexual penetration or sexual conduct as defined
- in Section 12-12 of the Criminal Code of 1961, or
- 33 (4) Any violation or inchoate violation of Section
- 34 9-3.1, 11-9.3, 12-3.3, 12-4.2, 12-4.3, 12-7.3, 12-7.4,

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1 18-5, 19-3, 20-1.1, or 20.5-5 of the Criminal Code of 1961.

(g-5) The Department of State Police is not required to provide equipment to collect or to accept or process blood specimens from individuals convicted of any offense listed in paragraph (1.1) or (4) of subsection (g), until acquisition of the resources necessary to process such blood specimens, or in the case of paragraph (1.1) of subsection (g) until July 1, 2003, whichever is earlier.

Upon acquisition of necessary resources, including an appropriation for the purpose of implementing this amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly, but in the case of paragraph (1.1) of subsection (g) no later than July 1, 2003, the Department of State Police shall notify the Department of Corrections, the Administrative Office of the Illinois Courts, and any other entity deemed appropriate by the Department of State Police, to begin blood specimen collection from individuals convicted of offenses enumerated in paragraphs (1.1) and (4) of subsection (g) that the Department is prepared to provide collection equipment and receive and process blood specimens from individuals convicted of offenses enumerated in paragraph (1.1) of subsection (g).

Until the Department of State Police provides notification, designated collection agencies are not required to collect blood specimen from individuals convicted of offenses enumerated in paragraphs (1.1) and (4) of subsection (g).

(h) The Illinois Department of State Police shall be the State central repository for all genetic marker grouping analysis information obtained pursuant to this Act. The Illinois Department of State Police may promulgate rules for the form and manner of the collection of blood samples and other procedures for the operation of this Act. The

- provisions of the Administrative Review Law shall apply to all actions taken under the rules so promulgated.
- (i) A person required to provide a blood specimen shall cooperate with the collection of the specimen and any deliberate act by that person intended to impede, delay or stop the collection of the blood specimen is a Class A misdemeanor.
- 8 (j) Any person required by subsection (a) to submit 9 specimens of blood to the Illinois Department of State Police for analysis and categorization into genetic marker grouping, 10 11 in addition to any other disposition, penalty, or fine imposed, shall pay an analysis fee of \$500. Upon verified 12 13 petition of the person, the court may suspend payment of all or part of the fee if it finds that the person does not have 14 15 the ability to pay the fee.
- 16 (k) All analysis and categorization fees provided for by
 17 subsection (j) shall be regulated as follows:

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- (1) The State Offender DNA Identification System
 Fund is hereby created as a special fund in the State
 Treasury.
- (2) All fees shall be collected by the clerk of the court and forwarded to the State Offender DNA Identification System Fund for deposit. The clerk of the circuit court may retain the amount of \$10 from each collected analysis fee to offset administrative costs incurred in carrying out the clerk's responsibilities under this Section.
- (3) Fees deposited into the State Offender DNA Identification System Fund shall be used by Illinois State Police crime laboratories as designated by the Director of State Police. These funds shall be in addition to any allocations made pursuant to existing laws and shall be designated for the exclusive use of State crime laboratories. These uses may include, but

- 1 are not limited to, the following:
- 2 (A) Costs incurred in providing analysis and
- 3 genetic marker categorization as required by
- 4 subsection (d).
- 5 (B) Costs incurred in maintaining genetic
- 6 marker groupings as required by subsection (e).
- 7 (C) Costs incurred in the purchase and
- 8 maintenance of equipment for use in performing
- 9 analyses.
- 10 (D) Costs incurred in continuing research and
- 11 development of new techniques for analysis and
- 12 genetic marker categorization.
- 13 (E) Costs incurred in continuing education,
- 14 training, and professional development of forensic
- scientists regularly employed by these laboratories.
- 16 (1) The failure of a person to provide a specimen, or of
- 17 any person or agency to collect a specimen, within the 45 day
- 18 period shall in no way alter the obligation of the person to
- 19 submit such specimen, or the authority of the Illinois
- 20 Department of State Police or persons designated by the
- 21 Department to collect the specimen, or the authority of the
- 22 Illinois Department of State Police to accept, analyze and
- 23 maintain the specimen or to maintain or upload results of
- 24 genetic marker grouping analysis information into a State or
- 25 national database.
- 26 (Source: P.A. 91-528, eff. 1-1-00; 92-16, eff. 6-28-01;
- 27 92-40, eff. 6-29-01.)
- 28 (730 ILCS 5/5-9-1.7) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-9-1.7)
- 29 Sec. 5-9-1.7. Sexual assault fines.
- 30 (a) Definitions. The terms used in this Section shall
- 31 have the following meanings ascribed to them:
- 32 (1) "Sexual assault" means the commission or
- 33 attempted commission of the following: criminal sexual

assault, predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, aggravated criminal sexual assault, criminal sexual abuse, aggravated criminal sexual abuse, indecent solicitation of a child, public indecency, sexual relations within families, soliciting for a juvenile prostitute, keeping a place of juvenile prostitution, patronizing a juvenile prostitute, juvenile pimping, exploitation of a child, obscenity, child pornography, or harmful material <u>for a child</u>, as those offenses are defined in the Criminal Code of 1961.

- (2) "Family member" shall have the meaning ascribed to it in Section 12-12 of the Criminal Code of 1961.
- (3) "Sexual assault organization" means any not-for-profit organization providing comprehensive, community-based services to victims of sexual assault. "Community-based services" include, but are not limited to, direct crisis intervention through a 24-hour response, medical and legal advocacy, counseling, information and referral services, training, and community education.
- (b) Sexual assault fine; collection by clerk.
- (1) In addition to any other penalty imposed, a fine of \$100 shall be imposed upon any person who pleads guilty or who is convicted of, or who receives a disposition of court supervision for, a sexual assault or attempt of a sexual assault. Upon request of the victim or the victim's representative, the court shall determine whether the fine will impose an undue burden on the victim of the offense. For purposes of this paragraph, the defendant may not be considered the victim's representative. If the court finds that the fine would impose an undue burden on the victim, the court may reduce or waive the fine. The court shall order that the defendant may not use funds belonging solely to the

1 victim of the offense for payment of the fine.

- (2) Sexual assault fines shall be assessed by the court imposing the sentence and shall be collected by the circuit clerk. The circuit clerk shall retain 10% of the penalty to cover the costs involved in administering and enforcing this Section. The circuit clerk shall remit the remainder of each fine within one month of its receipt to the State Treasurer for deposit as follows:
- 9 (i) for family member offenders, one-half to
 10 the Sexual Assault Services Fund, and one-half to
 11 the Domestic Violence Shelter and Service Fund; and
- 12 (ii) for other than family member offenders,
- 13 the full amount to the Sexual Assault Services Fund.
- 14 (c) Sexual Assault Services Fund; administration. There 15 is created a Sexual Assault Services Fund. Moneys deposited
- into the Fund under this Section shall be appropriated to the
- 17 Department of Public Health. Upon appropriation of moneys
- 18 from the Sexual Assault Services Fund, the Department of
- 19 Public Health shall make grants of these moneys from the Fund
- 20 to sexual assault organizations with whom the Department has
- 21 contracts for the purpose of providing community-based
- 22 services to victims of sexual assault. Grants made under this
- 23 Section are in addition to, and are not substitutes for,
- other grants authorized and made by the Department.
- 25 (Source: P.A. 88-45; 89-428, eff. 12-13-95; 89-462, eff.
- 26 5-29-96.)

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- 27 Section 20. The Sex Offender Registration Act is
- amended by changing Section 2 as follows:
- 29 (730 ILCS 150/2) (from Ch. 38, par. 222)
- 30 Sec. 2. Definitions. As used in this Article, the
- 31 following definitions apply:
- 32 (A) "Sex offender" means any person who is:

Τ	(1) charged pursuant to IIIInois law, or any
2	substantially similar federal, sister state, or foreign
3	country law, with a sex offense set forth in subsection
4	(B) of this Section or the attempt to commit an included
5	sex offense, and:
6	(a) is convicted of such offense or an attempt
7	to commit such offense; or
8	(b) is found not guilty by reason of insanity
9	of such offense or an attempt to commit such
10	offense; or
11	(c) is found not guilty by reason of insanity
12	pursuant to Section 104-25(c) of the Code of
13	Criminal Procedure of 1963 of such offense or an
14	attempt to commit such offense; or
15	(d) is the subject of a finding not resulting
16	in an acquittal at a hearing conducted pursuant to
17	Section 104-25(a) of the Code of Criminal Procedure
18	of 1963 for the alleged commission or attempted
19	commission of such offense; or
20	(e) is found not guilty by reason of insanity
21	following a hearing conducted pursuant to a federal,
22	sister state, or foreign country law substantially
23	similar to Section 104-25(c) of the Code of Criminal
24	Procedure of 1963 of such offense or of the
25	attempted commission of such offense; or
26	(f) is the subject of a finding not resulting
27	in an acquittal at a hearing conducted pursuant to a
28	federal, sister state, or foreign country law
29	substantially similar to Section 104-25(a) of the
30	Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 for the alleged
31	violation or attempted commission of such offense;
32	or
33	(2) certified as a sexually dangerous person
34	pursuant to the Illinois Sexually Dangerous Persons Act,

1	or any substantially similar federal, sister state, or
2	foreign country law; or
3	(3) subject to the provisions of Section 2 of the
4	Interstate Agreements on Sexually Dangerous Persons Act;
5	or
6	(4) found to be a sexually violent person pursuant
7	to the Sexually Violent Persons Commitment Act or any
8	substantially similar federal, sister state, or foreign
9	country law.
10	Convictions that result from or are connected with the
11	same act, or result from offenses committed at the same time,
12	shall be counted for the purpose of this Article as one
13	conviction. Any conviction set aside pursuant to law is not
14	a conviction for purposes of this Article.
15	(A-5) "Juvenile sex offender" means any person who is
16	adjudicated a juvenile delinquent as the result of the
17	commission of or attempt to commit a violation set forth in
18	item (B), (C), or (C-5) of this Section or a violation of any
19	substantially similar federal, sister state, or foreign
20	country law. For purposes of this Section, "convicted" shall
21	have the same meaning as "adjudicated".
22	(B) As used in this Section, "sex offense" means:
23	(1) A violation of any of the following Sections of
24	the Criminal Code of 1961:
25	11-20.1 (child pornography),
26	11-6 (indecent solicitation of a child),
27	11-6.1 (illegal solicitation of a child),
28	11-9.1 (sexual exploitation of a child),
29	11-15.1 (soliciting for a juvenile prostitute),
30	11-18.1 (patronizing a juvenile prostitute),
31	11-17.1 (keeping a place of juvenile
32	<pre>prostitution),</pre>
33	11-19.1 (juvenile pimping),
34	11-19.2 (exploitation of a child),

1	12-13 (criminal sexual assault),				
2	12-14 (aggravated criminal sexual assault),				
3	12-14.1 (predatory criminal sexual assault of				
4	child),				
5	12-15 (criminal sexual abuse),				
6	12-16 (aggravated criminal sexual abuse),				
7	12-33 (ritualized abuse of a child).				
8	An attempt to commit any of these offenses.				
9	(1.5) A felony violation of any of the following				
10	Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is				
11	a person under 18 years of age, the defendant is not a				
12	parent of the victim, and the offense was committed on or				
13	after January 1, 1996:				
14	10-1 (kidnapping),				
15	10-2 (aggravated kidnapping),				
16	10-3 (unlawful restraint),				
17	10-3.1 (aggravated unlawful restraint).				
18	An attempt to commit any of these offenses.				
19	(1.6) First degree murder under Section 9-1 of the				
20	Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim was a person under				
21	18 years of age, the defendant was at least 17 years of				
22	age at the time of the commission of the offense, and the				
23	offense was committed on or after June 1, 1996.				
24	(1.7) (Blank).				
25	(1.8) A violation or attempted violation of Section				
26	11-11 (sexual relations within families) of the Criminal				
27	Code of 1961, when the victim was a person under 18 years				
28	of age and the offense was committed on or after June 1,				
29	1997.				
30	(1.9) Child abduction under paragraph (10) of				
31	subsection (b) of Section 10-5 of the Criminal Code of				
32	1961 committed by luring or attempting to lure a child				
33	under the age of 16 into a motor vehicle, building,				
34	housetrailer, or dwelling place without the consent of				

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1	the parent or	lawful custo	odian of	the cl	nild for	other
2	than a lawful	purpose and	the offer	nse was	committed	on or
3	after January	1, 1998.				

- (1.10) A violation or attempted violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961 when the offense was committed on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly:
- 8 10-4 (forcible detention, if the victim is under 18 years of age),
- 10 11-6.5 (indecent solicitation of an adult),
- 11 11-15 (soliciting for a prostitute, if the victim is under 18 years of age),
- 13 11-16 (pandering, if the victim is under 18 years of age),
- 15 11-18 (patronizing a prostitute, if the victim 16 is under 18 years of age),
- 17 11-19 (pimping, if the victim is under 18 years of age).
- 19 (2) A violation of any former law of this State 20 substantially equivalent to any offense listed in 21 subsection (B)(1) of this Section.
- (C) A conviction for an offense of federal law or the 22 23 of another state or a foreign country that is substantially equivalent to any offense listed in subsection 24 25 (B) of this Section shall constitute a conviction for the purpose of this Article. A finding or adjudication as a 26 sexually dangerous person or a sexually violent person under 27 any federal law or law of another state or foreign country 28 29 that is substantially equivalent to the Sexually Dangerous 30 Persons Act or the Sexually Violent Persons Commitment Act shall constitute an adjudication for the purposes of this 31 32 Article.
- 33 (C-5) A person at least 17 years of age at the time of 34 the commission of the offense who is convicted of first

degree murder under Section 9-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961,

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     committed on or after June 1, 1996 against a person under 18
     years of age, shall be required to register for natural life.
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          (D)
             As used in this Article, "law enforcement agency
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     having jurisdiction" means the Chief of Police in the
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     municipality in which the sex offender expects to reside
                                                              (1)
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     upon his or her discharge, parole or release or (2) during
     the service of his or her sentence of probation
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     conditional discharge, or the Sheriff of the county, in the
     event no Police Chief exists or if the offender intends to
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     reside in an unincorporated area. "Law enforcement agency
     having jurisdiction" includes the location where out-of-state
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     students attend school and where out-of-state employees are
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     employed or are otherwise required to register.
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          (E) As used in this Article, "sexual predator" means any
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     person who, after the effective date of this amendatory Act
     of the 91st General Assembly, is:
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18
              (1) Convicted of a violation of
                                                    any of
                                                              the
19
         following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961 and the
         conviction occurred after the effective date of this
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21
         amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly:
22
                   11-17.1 (keeping a place of
23
              prostitution),
                   11-19.1 (juvenile pimping),
24
25
                   11-19.2 (exploitation of a child),
                   11-20.1 (child pornography),
26
                   12-13 (criminal sexual assault, if the victim
27
              is a person under 12 years of age),
28
                   12-14 (aggravated criminal sexual assault),
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30
                   12-14.1 (predatory criminal sexual assault of
              a child),
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                   12-16 (aggravated criminal sexual abuse),
                   12-33 (ritualized abuse of a child); or
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              (2) convicted of first degree murder under Section
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- 9-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim was a person under 18 years of age and the defendant was at least 17 years of age at the time of the commission of the offense; or
 - (3) certified as a sexually dangerous person pursuant to the Sexually Dangerous Persons Act or any substantially similar federal, sister state, or foreign country law; or
 - (4) found to be a sexually violent person pursuant to the Sexually Violent Persons Commitment Act or any substantially similar federal, sister state, or foreign country law; or
 - (5) convicted of a second or subsequent offense which requires registration pursuant to this Act. The conviction for the second or subsequent offense must have occurred after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly. For purposes of this paragraph (5), "convicted" includes a conviction under any substantially similar Illinois, federal, sister state, or foreign country law.
- (F) As used in this Article, "out-of-state student"
 means any sex offender or sexual predator who is enrolled in
 Illinois, on a full-time or part-time basis, in any public or
 private educational institution, including, but not limited
 to, any secondary school, trade or professional institution,
 or institution of higher learning.
- (G) As used in this Article, "out-of-state employee" 27 means any sex offender or sexual predator who works in 28 Illinois, regardless of whether the individual receives 29 30 payment for services performed, for a period of 31 exceeding 14 days or for an aggregate period of time 32 exceeding 30 days during any calendar year. Persons who operate motor vehicles in the State accrue one day of 33 employment time for any portion of a day spent in Illinois. 34

- 1 (Source: P.A. 90-193, eff. 7-24-97; 90-494, eff. 1-1-98;
- 2 90-655, eff. 7-30-98; 91-48, eff. 7-1-99.)
- 3 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 4 becoming law.

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